State: ARUNACHAL PRADESH Agriculture Contingency Plan for District: Lower Subansiri

	Agro-Climatic/Ecological Zone	16.3 Arunachal Pradesh (Subdued Eastern Himalayas), warm to hot, perhumid eco-subregion (C1A10)						
	Agro Ecological Sub Region (ICAR)	Warm to hot moist (humid to per humid eco sub region)						
	Agro-Climatic Zone (Planning Commission)	North Eastern Hill Region						
ĺ	Agro Climatic Zone (NARP)	Temperate Sub Alpine (AZ49)Tropic	al Hill (AZ50)					
ĺ	List all the districts or part thereof falling		dibang valley upper siang , lower siang , lohit ,	longding, Anjaw, east kameng				
	under the NARP Zone	west Kameng lower Subansiri,East si	ang,Tirap , Changlang, upper Dibang valley					
	Geographic coordinates of district	west Kameng lower Subansiri,East si Latitude	ang,Tirap , Changlang, upper Dibang valley Longitude	Altitude				
	Geographic coordinates of district	Latitude	Longitude	Altitude 1000-1600 msl				

DATA RECORDED FOR THE YEAR 2014

1.2	Rainfall	Normal RF(mm)	Normal Rainy	Normal Onset	Normal Cessation
			days (number)	(specify week and month)	(specify week and month)
	Monsoon (South west)June- Sept.	2268.2	40.18	1 st June	8 th October
	Post monsoon (Oct – Dec)	225.4	7.15	2 nd October	7 th December
	Winter (Jan - Feb)	89.5	-	-	-
	Pre-monsoon/ Summer (March – May)	687	18.45	-	-
	Annual	794.5	65.78	-	-

Source :District Agriculture office Ziro, Lower Subansiri:

1.3	Land use	Geographical	Cultivable	Forest	Land under	Permanent	Cultivable	Land	Barren and	Current	Other
	pattern of the	area ('000 ha)	area	area	non-	Pastures	wasteland	under	uncultivable	Fallows	fallow
	district (latest	#	('000 ha)	('000	agricultural use	('000 ha)	('000 ha)	Misc. tree	land ('000 ha)	('000 ha)	S
	statistics)		*	ha) \$	('000 ha)			crops and			('000
								groves			ha)
								('000 ha)			
	Area ('000 ha)	350.8	18.38	867.3 [¥]	0.85	0.43	1.05	1.09	0.68	2.95	1.27

*Census of India 2011, Ministry of Home Affairs, Government of India
\$ FSI (Forest Survey of India, Ministry of Environment, 2011)
¥ Inclusive of Kurung Kumey District
*Source: Directorate of Economics and Statistics, Ministry of Agriculture, Govt. of. India.(Data provided for the year 2011)

1.4	Major Soils (common names like red sandy loam deep soils (etc.,)*	Area ('000 ha)	Percent (%) of total
	1 Red clayey soils	DATA NOT AVAILABLE	
	2 Lateritic soils		
	3 Alluvial colluvial soils (partly saline)		
	4 Alluvial-colluvial soils		
	5 Lateritic gravelly soils		
	6 Rock land and water bodies		
	7 Medium deep black soils		
	8 Red gravelly loam soils		
	9 Red gravelly clay loam soils		
	Others (specify):		
	Loamy sand		
	Sandy loam		

Source :District Agriculture office Ziro, Lower Subansiri:

1.5	Agricultural land use	Area ('000 ha)	Cropping intensity %
	Net sown area	12.03	131.4%
	Area sown more than once	3.78	
	Gross cropped area	15.81	

*Source: Directorate of Economics and Statistics, Ministry of Agriculture, Govt. of. India.(Data provided for the year 2011-12)

.6	Irrigation	Area ('000 ha)		
	Net irrigated area	6.96		
	Gross irrigated area	6.96	Source : District Statistical office source - * SREP ATMA, lower S	
	Sources of Irrigation	-	Area ('000 ha)	% of total irrigated area
	Canals**	-	-	-
	Tanks **	-	-	-
	Open wells**	-	-	-
	Bore wells**		-	-
	Lift irrigation schemes**	-	-	-
	Micro-irrigation**	-	-	-
	Other sources(Stream flow)	-	-	-
	Total Irrigated Area	-	-	-
	Pump sets	-	-	-
	No. of Tractors	-	-	-
	Groundwater availability and use* (Data source: State/Central Ground water Department /Board)****	No. of blocks/ Tehsils	(%) area	Quality of water (specify the problem such as high levels of arsenic, fluoride saline etc)
	Over exploited	NIL	-	-
	Critical	NIL	-	-
	Semi- critical	NIL	-	-
	Safe		-	The quality of ground water is generally safe, as these chemicals are with in the normal range
	Wastewater availability and use	NA	-	
	Ground water quality	The quality of grou	nd water is generally safe, as these che	micals are with in the normal range

** Data not available *Source: Directorate of Economics and Statistics, Ministry of Agriculture, Govt. of. India.(Data provided for the year 2008-09)

1.7a	Major field crops cultivated	Area ('000 ha)							
			Kharif			Rabi	G	Grand	
		Irrigated	Rainfed	Total	Irrigated	Rainfed	Total	Summer	total
1	Jhum paddy	-			-	-	-	-	
2	TRC/WRC Paddy	-	8.3729	8.3729	-	-	-	-	8.3729
3	Maize	-	0.650	0.650	-	-	-	-	0.650
4	Millet	-	1.503	1.503	-	-	-	-	1.503
5	Oilseeds	-	0.910	0.910	-	-	-	-	0.910
6	Ginger	-	0.192	0.192	-	-	-	-	0.192
7	Pulses	-				0.391	0.391		0.391
	Statistical Handbook of Lower Subans	siri Distt. 2011							
	Statistical Handbook of Lower Subans Horticulture crops – Fruits	siri Distt. 2011							
	-	siri Distt. 2011	Total			Irrigated		Rainfed	('000 ha)
	-	siri Distt. 2011	Total 0.021			Irrigated		Rainfed	· /
1.7b	Horticulture crops – Fruits	siri Distt. 2011				0)21
Source: 1.7b 1 2 3	Horticulture crops – Fruits Pineapple	siri Distt. 2011	0.021			-		0.0)21
1.7b 1 2	Horticulture crops – Fruits Pineapple Banana	siri Distt. 2011	0.021 0.023			-		0.0)21)23 165
1.7b 1 2 3	Horticulture crops – Fruits Pineapple Banana	siri Distt. 2011	0.021 0.023 0.0165 0.021			-		0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0)21)23 165)21
1.7b 1 2 3	Horticulture crops – Fruits Pineapple Banana kiwi	siri Distt. 2011	0.021 0.023 0.0165					0.0 0.0 0.0)21)23 165)21

1.7 Area under major field crops & horticulture (as per latest figures) (Specify year 2013-14)

1.7c	Horticulture crops – Vegetables	Total area ('000 ha)	Irrigated area ('000 ha)	Rainfed area ('000 ha)
1.	Leafy vegetable		-	3.203
2.	Colocasia	0.028	-	
3.	Chilli	0.027	-	
4.	Pea	0.017	-	
5.	Onion	0.001	-	
6.	Cabbage	0.056	0.038	
7.	Tomato	0.049	-	
Source:	District Agriculture Census, Ziro, Distt. L	ower Subansiri 2010		

1.7d	Medicinal and Aromatic crops	Total a	rea ('000 ha)	Irrigated area ('000 ha	a) Ra	infed area ('000 ha)
l	Medicinal and Aromatic crops	Data n	ot available	-		Data not available
For the y	year 2009-10		·			
1.7e	Plantation crops	Total a	rea ('000 ha)	Irrigated area ('000 ha	a) Ra	infed area ('000 ha)
1	Coconut					
2	Cashew					
Others (Specify)	Eg., industrial pulpwood crops etc.	Data n	ot available			
1.7f	Fodder crops	Total a	rea ('000 ha)	Irrigated area ('000 ha)	Rainfed area ('000 ha)	Remarks
1			-	-	-	Information not available
2			-	-	-	
3			-	-	-	
4			-	-	-	
5		-		-	-	
Others (Specify)						
1.7g	Grazing land	-		-	-	Information not available
1.7h	Sericulture etc					
1.7i	Others (specify)					
1.8	Livestock (in number)		Male (*000)	Female ('000)		Total ('000)
	Non descriptive Cattle (local lov	w yielding)	12.78	18.37	31.14	
	Crossbred cattle		1.86	1.83	3.69	
	Non descriptive Buffaloes (loca	l low yielding)	_	-	-	
	Graded Buffaloes	• •	-	-	-	
	Goat		8.83	12.32	21.15	
	Others (Camel, Pig, Yak etc.)		-	1	I	
	(i) Pig		11.85	15.70	-	
	Commercial dairy farms (Numb	er)	-	-	-	
Source	Livestock census (Data provided for	,				

1.9	Poultry			No. of far	ms			Total	No. of bi	rds ('000)		
	Commercial		-			-						
	Backyard		-			72.89						
Source. D	TA NOT AVAILABLE.											
1.10	Fisheries (Data source: District Statistical office Lower Subansiri 2013)											
	A. Capture											
	i) Marine (Data Source:	No. of	f fishermen		Boats				Nets		Storage facilities	
	Fisheries Department)				anized Nor mechar		Mechanized (Trawl nets, Gill nets)		(Sho	mechanized ore Seines, & trap nets)	- (Ice plants etc.)	
		No	No. Farmer owned ponds			Not applicable No. of Reservoirs			irs No. of village tanks			
	ii) Inland (Data Source:	110.	No. Farmer owned ponds		INO. OI KESETVO				or vinag	e tanks	No of ponds& tanks	
	Fisheries Department)	54	54		01						873	
	B. Culture											
			Water	ter Spread Area (ha)		Yield (t/ha)		Production		ction ('000 tons)		
	· · · ·	i) Brackish water (Data Source: - MPEDA/ Fisheries Department) - ii) Fresh water (Data Source: Fisheries 1070.5 Department) -			-				-			
	ii) Fresh water (Data Source:					Data not av	ta not available -		-			
	Others		-			-				-		

1.11 Production and Productivity of major crop

1.11	Name of crop	Kharif		Rabi		Summer		Total		Crop
		Production ('000 t)	Productivity (kg/ha)	residue as fodder ('000 tons)						
Major Field	crops (Crops to be ide	entified based o	on total acreage)							
Crop 1	Jhum paddy	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Crop 2	TRC/WRC Paddy	22.19	2650	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Crop 3	Maize	1.33	2050	-	-	-	-	-		-
Crop 4	millets	1.58	1053	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Crop 5	pulses	0.72	1850	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Crop 6	Rapeseed/mustard	-	-	1.14	1250		-	-	-	-
Crop 1	Pineapple	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Crop 2	Banana	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Crop 3	Lemon	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
Crop 1	vegetables	9.93	31000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Crop 2	Potato	-	-	3.18	9500	-	-	-	-	-
Crop 3	Chill	0.27	1750	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Crop 4	ginger	1.08	5649	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Crop5	sugarcane	2.75	30550	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Crop 6	Tomato	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

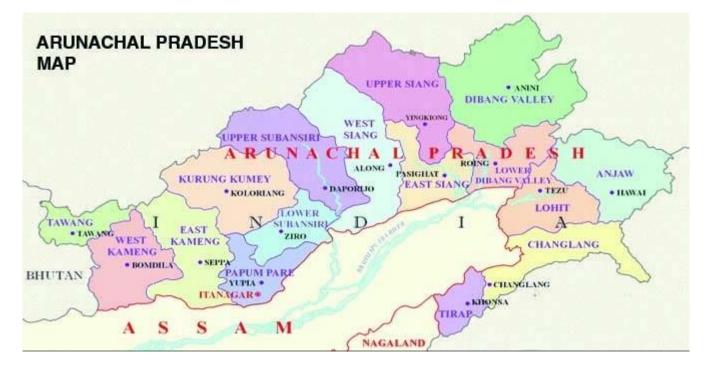
Source :District Agriculture office Ziro, Lower Subansiri:

1.12	Sowing window for 5 major field crops (start and end of normal sowing period)	Crop 1 : Jhum paddy	Crop 2: TRC/WRC Paddy	Crop 3: Maize	Crop 4: Soybean	Crop 5: Rapeseed/ mustard	Crop 6: Linseed	Crop7 cabbage
	Kharif- Rainfed	April-May.	June –july (suptropical zone) April – May(Temperate zones)	April-Aug.	May- june	-	-	-
	Kharif-Irrigated	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	Rabi- Rainfed	-	-	Oct Nov.	-	Oct-Nov.	Oct-Dec.	Oct-Nov
	Rabi-Irrigated	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Zaid- Rainfed			Feb.	-	-	-	-

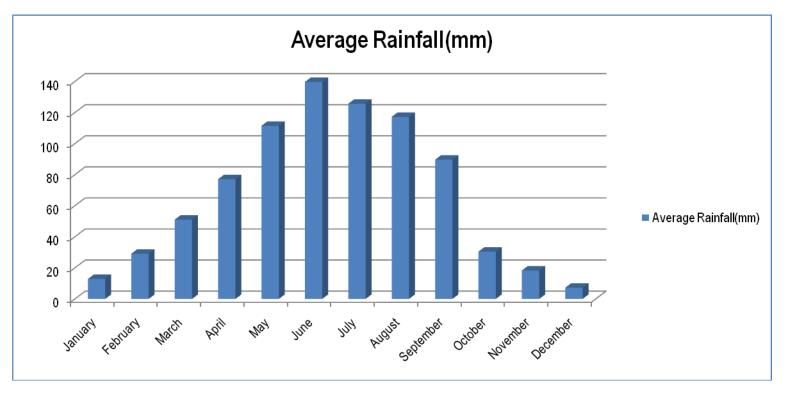
1.13	What is the major contingency the district is prone to? (Tick mark)	Regular	Occasional	None
	Drought		\checkmark	
	Flood			\checkmark
	Cyclone			\checkmark
	Hail storm			✓
	Heat wave			\checkmark
	Cold wave			~
	Frost			✓
	Sea water intrusion			\checkmark
	Pests and disease outbreak (specify)			\checkmark
	Others (specify)			

6 out of 10 years = Regular

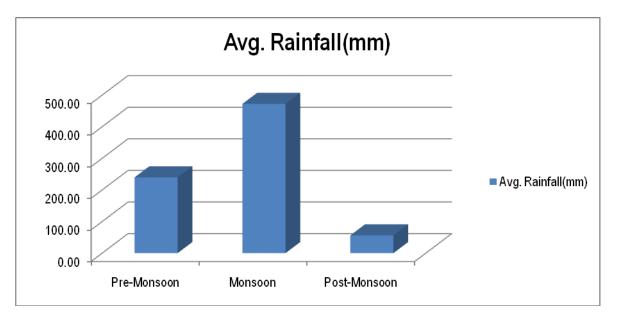
1.14	Include Digital maps of the district for	Location map of district within State as Annexure I	Enclosed: Yes
		Mean annual rainfall as Annexure 2	Enclosed: Yes
		Soil map as Annexure 3	Enclosed: No



Annexure – 1: LOCATION MAP OF LOWER SUBANSIRI DISTRICT OF ARUNACHAL PRADESH



Annexure – 2: MEAN ANNUAL RAINFALL OF LOWER SUBANSIRI DISTRICT, ARUNACHAL PRADESH



Seasonal Rainfall Distribution Pattern in Lower Subansiri District

2.0 Strategies for weather related contingencies

2.1 Drought (Rainfed situation)

Drought-Pre-Monsoon (Last week of March to First week of April) Normal

Condition				Suggested Contingency measures	
Early season drought (delayed onset)	Major Farming situation		Change in crop /cropping system including variety	Agronomic measures	Remarks on Implementation
Delay by 2 weeks (2 nd to 3 rd week of April)	Moderately steep sloping hills with deep fine soils	Maize	 Short duration crops/varieties like RCM-1- 75, RCM-1-76 Maize + groundnut/soy a bean/rice bean inter cropping. 	 Conservation of pre-monsoon soil moisture through soil/straw/grass mulching practices Hydropriming/ seed soaking in water for 24hr and followed by shade drying before sowing. Application of organic manure before sowing. 	Schemes from Line Deptt. /RKVY/ ATMA
		WRC	Prefer rice var, like Megha- 1&Megha -2	 Encourage line sowing, maintain proper water depth 	
		Millet (finger/foxtail millet)	No Change Short duration crops/varieties of finger millet (VR- 708, GPU- 67), foxtail millet (SR-16, Meera)		

	Vegetables Pulses	No Change No change	 Use of organic manures (FYM 5 tones/ha or vermicompost 1 ton/ha) Raise crop on ridge-furrow or raised bed planting system Conservation of soil moisture through soil/straw/grass mulching practices. Mixed cropping of various vegetable crops. Use organic manures (FYM 5 tones/ha or 	
	r uises	No change	 Ose organic manufes (PTM 5 tones/na or vermicompost 1 ton/ha) Raise crop on ridge-furrow or raised bed planting system 	
Very steep sloping hills shallow sandy loamy soils	Maize	 Short duration crops/varieties like RCM-1- 75, RCM-1- 76, Allrounder, HQPM-1, DA-61 A Maize + groundnut/soy a bean/rice bean inter cropping. 	 Conservation of pre-monsoon soil moisture through soil/straw/grass mulching practices Hydropriming/ seed soaking in water for 24hr and followed by shade drying before sowing. Application of organic manure before sowing. 	Schemes from Line Deptt. /RKVY/ ATMA
	Millet	Short duration crops/varieties of finger millet (VR-708, GPU- 67), foxtail millet (SR-16, Meera)		
	Jhum paddy	• Encourage short duration	 Do not allow weeds to grow during plant's early growth stage. 	

	varieties like bhalum - 1,bhalum-2& sharsarang rice varieties		

Condition			Sugg	ested Contingency measures	
Early season drought (delayed onset)	Major Farming situation	Normal Crop / Cropping system	Change in crop / cropping system including variety	Agronomic measures	Remarks on Implementation
Delay by 4 weeks (4 th week of April to I st week of May)	Moderately steep sloping hills with deep fine soils	Maize,	local, RCM-1-75, RCM-1-76	1.Sowing in ridge and furrow / Mulching,2.Sowing against the slope,	Line dept. schemes/ RKVY
		WRC	No Change Prefer rice var, like Megha- 1&Megha -2,	 Encourage line sowing, maintain proper water depth Gap filling /resowing 35-40 days old seedling, transplant millets on dykes 	
		Ginger	No change Prefer improved varieties like Nadia	1.Sowing in furrow / Mulching	Schemes from Line Deptt. /RKVY/ ATMA

	Pulses	Local beans ,Soybean var, JSS-35/ local	Proper line sowing,/ mulching
Very steep sloping hills shallow sandy loamy soils	Maize	 Short duration crops/varieties like RCM-1- 75, RCM-1-76, Allrounder, HQPM-1, DA-61 A 	 Sowing in ridge and furrow / Mulching, 2.Sowing against the slope, Conservation of pre- monsoon soil moisture through soil/straw/grass mulching practices Maize + groundnut/soya bean/rice bean inter cropping. Hydropriming/ seed soaking in water for 24hr and followed by shade drying before sowing.
	Millet(foxtail/finger millet)	Short duration crops/varieties of finger millet (VR-708, GPU-67), foxtail millet (SR- 16, Meera)	

2.2 Drought

Normal onset of Monsoon (1st week of June) Normal

Condition				Suggested Contingency measures	
Early season drought (delayed onset)	Major Farming situation	Normal Crop / Cropping system	Change in crop /cropping system including variety	Agronomic measures	Remarks on Implementation
Delay by 2 weeks (3 rd week of June)	Moderately steep sloping hills with deep fine soils and lowland plains	WRC/TRC (Paddy)	No change Short duration vars. CAU-R-1, TTB-404, TTB- 303, Mulagavaru, Kanaklata. Medium duration vars. Shahsarnag-1, RCM-9 and RCM-11, RCM-5 SRI, VL dhan 62 SRI, Intensive Crop Management	 Closer spacing of 15x15 cm and 4-5 seedlings/hill Weeding is to be done 15 and 35 days after transplanting. 	Schemes from Line Deptt. /RKVY/ ATMA
		Millet (finger/foxtail millet)	No Change Short duration crops/varieties of finger millet (VR- 708, GPU- 67), foxtail millet (SR- 16,Arjuna, Prasad)	• 10% higher seed rate	-

	Vegetable crops	No Change • Kashi Anmol, Arka Lohit, Kashi Early, IIHR -Sel. 132	 <u>Chilli</u> Prefer Cabbage var. Drum Head, Himjyoti etc Raise crop on ridge-furrow raised bed planting system Use of organic manures (FYM 5 tones/ha or vermicompost 1 ton/ha) to enhance water holding capacity of soil Conservation of soil moisture through soil/straw/grass mulching practices. Do not allow weeds to grow during plant's early growth stage. 	-
Very steep sloping hills shallow sandy loamy soils	Pulses	No change Short duration crops/varieties of finger millet (VR-708, GPU- 67), foxtail millet (SR-16, Meera) No Change	 Mixed cropping of various vegetable crops. Adopt soil and water conservation, Harvest rain water, Weeding and interculture operations, and mulching with green debrish within rows 	-
	Ginger	No Change	 Rough out pest and disease infected plants Give life saving irrigation if possible Mulching with locally available weed biomass Eathing up for healthy Rhizome growth 	-

Note: Generally the delay in onset of monsoon by 4 weeks is not applicable.

Normal onset of pre- monsoon

Condition			Suggested Contingency measures				
Early season drought (Normal onset)	Major Farming situation	Normal Crop/croppin g system	Crop management	Soil nutrient & moisture conservation measures	Remarks on Implementation		
Normal onset followed by 15-20 days dry spell after sowing leading to poor germination/crop stand etc.	Moderately steep sloping hills with deep fine soils	Maize	 Prefer HQPM-1,HQPM-2,RCM- 75,RCM- 76,DA-61 If the germination is less than 30% of optimum plant population, re sowing should be done Gap filling to be done to maintain optimum plant density Foliar application of 1% MOP 	 Provide irrigation from the available sources Give life saving irrigation timely weeding and interculture operation. Mulching with locally available material 	Schemes from Line Deptt. /RKVY/ATMA		
		WRC	 Re transplant 30-40 days old seedling maintain proper water depth 	Provide irrigation from the available sources			
		ginger	 Weeding and interculture operation 	 Mulching with locally available weed biomass 			
		Vegetables	Gap filling with available seedlings.Foliar application of 1% MOP	 Provide irrigation from the available sources Prefer Drip/sprinkler irrigation Mulching of locally available material 	Protected cultivation to be promoted		
	Very steep sloping hills shallow sandy loamy soils	Maize	 If the germination is less than 30% of optimum plant population, re sowing should be done Gap filling to be done to maintain optimum plant density Foliar application of 1% MOP 	 Provide irrigation from the available sources Mulching of locally available material 	Schemes from Line Deptt. /RKVY/ATMA		
		Millet	 If the germination is less than 30% of optimum plant population re sowing should be done Gap filling to be done to maintain optimum plant density Foliar application of 1% MOP 	 Provide irrigation from the available sources Mulching of locally available material 			
		Vegetable	• Gap filling with available seedlings.	 Provide irrigation from the 	Protected		

	available sourcesMulching with locally available material	cultivation to be promoted Promoted rain water harvesting
		structure

Condition			Su	ggested Contingency measures	
Mid season drought (long dry spell, consecutive 2 weeks rainless (>2.5 mm)period)	Major Farming situation	Normal Crop /cropping system	Crop management	Soil nutrient & moisture conservation measures	Remarks on Implementation
Vegetative stage M st hi	Moderately steep sloping hills with deep fine soils	Maize	WeedingIntercultureFoliar application of 1% MOP	 Provide irrigation from the available sources Mulching with locally available material 	
		Millet (finger/foxtail millet)	 Weeding Interculture Foliar application of 1% MOP 	 Provide irrigation from the available sources Urea or DAP at 2% concentration may be sprayed Potassium cloride(2%) may be sprayed at 15 days interval for reducing the stress Mulching of locally available material 	
		Vegetable crops (cole crops,Bottle gourd, Chilli, beans, brinjal)	 Gap filling with available seedlings. Foliar application of 1% MOP 	 Provide irrigation from the available sources Prefer Drip/sprinkler irrigation Mulching of locally available material 	
		Maize	Weeding	Provide irrigation from the available	

Very steep sloping hills shallow sandy loamy soils		IntercultureFoliar application of 1% MOP	sourcesMulching of locally available material
	Millet (finger/foxtail millet)	 Weeding Interculture Foliar application of 1% MOP Urea or DAP at 2% concentration may be sprayed Potassium cloride(2%) may be sprayed at 15 days interval for reducing the stress 	 Provide irrigation from the available sources Mulching of locally available material
	Pulses(soybean)	WeedingInterculture	 Provide irrigation from the available sources Mulching with locally available material Mulching with locally available material

Condition			Suggested Contingency measures			
Mid season drought (long dry spell, consecutive 2 weeks rainless (>2.5 mm)period)	Major Farming situation	Normal Crop /cropping system	Crop management	Soil nutrient & moisture conservation measures	Remarks on Implementation	
Reproductive stage	Moderately steep sloping hills with deep fine soils	Maize	WeedingIntercultureFoliar application of 1% MOP	 Provide irrigation from the available sources Mulching of locally available material 		
		Millet (finger/foxtail millet)	WeedingIntercultureFoliar application of 1% MOP	 Provide life saving irrigation from the available sources Mulching of locally available material 		

	Vegetable crops Chilli, beans, brinjal)	 Gap filling with available seedlings. Foliar application of 1% MOP 	 Provide irrigation from the available sources Prefer Drip/sprinkler irrigation Encourage protected cultivation Mulching of locally available material
slopi shall	r steep ng hills ow sandy y soils	WeedingIntercultureFoliar application of 1% MOP	 Provide irrigation from the available sources Mulching of locally available material
	Millet (finger/foxtail millet)	WeedingIntercultureFoliar application of 1% MOP	 Provide irrigation from the available sources Mulching of locally available material

Condition			Si	uggested Contingency measur	es
Terminal drought	Major Farming	Normal	Crop management	Rabi Crop planning	Remarks on Implementation
(Early withdrawal of	situation	Crop/cropping			
monsoon)		system			
	Moderately steep sloping hills with deep fine soils	WRC/TRC (Paddy)	 Harvest at physiological maturity. Follow water conservation methods Efficient use stored water for life saving irrigation 	 Planning for zero tillage cultivation of pea, toria etc. Preparation for cole Crops 	Schemes from Line Deptt./RKVY/ATMA
		Millet (finger/foxtail millet)	 Harvest at physiological maturity. 	 Planning for zero tillage cultivation of pea, toria etc. Preparation for cole crops 	
		Vegetables	Give life saving irrigation.	 Planning for zero tillage cultivation of pea, toria etc. Preparation for cole crops 	Schemes from Line Deptt./RKVY/ATMA

Very steep sloping hills shallow sandy loamy soils	Ginger	 Harvest at physiological maturity 	Mulching with locally available mulches	
	maize	 Harvest as green cobs 	 Mulching locally available green biomas 	

Normal onset of monsoon

Condition			Suggested	Contingency measures	
Early season drought (Normal onset)	Major Farming situation	Normal Crop/croppin g system	Crop management	Soil nutrient & moisture conservation measures	Remarks on Implementation
Normal onset followed by 15-20 days dry spell after sowing leading to poor germination/crop	Moderately steep sloping hills with deep fine soils	WRC/TRC (Paddy)	 Gap filling Weeding to be done Foliar application of 1% MOP Application of organic manure, wherever possible Timely plant protection of measures for brown spot, thrips 	 Provide irrigation from the available sources 	Schemes from Line Deptt. /RKVY/ATMA
stand etc. V sk sh		Millet (finger/foxtail millet)	 Gap filling Weeding Foliar application of 1% MOP Application of organic manure, wherever possible 	 Provide irrigation from the available sources 	
		Off season vegetable crop	 Mulching with locally available material Foliar application of 1% MOP 	 Provide irrigation from the available sources 	Protected cultivation to be promotteed
	Very steep sloping hills shallow sandy loamy soils	WRC/TRC (Paddy)	 Weeding to be done Foliar application of 1% MOP Application of organic manure, wherever possible Timely plant protection of measures for brown spot, thrips 	 Provide irrigation from the available sources 	Schemes from Line Deptt. /RKVY/ATMA
		Millet (finger/foxtail	Gap fillingWeeding		

millet)	 Foliar application of 1% MOP Application of organic manure, wherever possible 		
Off season vegetable crop	 Mulching with locally available material Foliar application of 1% MOP 	 Provide irrigation from the available sources 	Protected cultivation to be promoted Promoted rain water harvesting structure

Condition			Su	ggested Contingency measures	
Mid season drought (long dry spell, consecutive 2 weeks rainless (>2.5 mm)period)	Major Farming situation	Normal Crop /cropping system	Crop management	Soil nutrient & moisture conservation measures	Remarks on Implementation
Vegetative stage	Moderately steep sloping hills with deep fine soils	WRC/TRC (Paddy)	 Weeding to be done Foliar application of 1% MOP Timely plant protection of measures for brown spot, thrips 	Provide irrigation from the available sources	Schemes from Line Deptt. /RKVY/ATMA
		Millet (finger/foxtail millet)	WeedingFoliar application of 1% MOP	 Provide irrigation from the available sources 	
		WRC/TRC (Paddy)	 Weeding to be done Foliar application of 1% MOP Timely plant protection of measures for brown spot, thrips 	 Provide irrigation from the available sources 	
	Very steep sloping hills shallow sandy loamy soils	Millet (finger/foxtail millet)	WeedingFoliar application of 1% MOP	 Provide irrigation from the available sources 	
		Maize	• weeding	 Mulching with locally available biomass Give life saving irrigation if possible 	

Condition			Suggested Contingency measures		
Mid season drought (long dry spell, consecutive 2 weeks rainless (>2.5 mm)period)	Major Farming situation	Normal Crop /cropping system	Crop management	Soil nutrient & moisture conservation measures	Remarks on Implementation
Reproductive stage	Moderately steep sloping hills with deep fine soils	WRC/TRC (Paddy) Millet	 Foliar application of 1% MOP Timely plant protection of measures for gundhi bug, Foliar application of 1% MOP 	 Provide irrigation from the available sources Provide irrigation from the available 	Schemes from Line Deptt. /RKVY/ATMA
		(finger/foxtail millet)	- ronal application of 1% MOr	sources	
	Very steep sloping hills shallow sandy loamy soils	Jhum paddy	 Foliar application of 1% MOP Timely plant protection of measures for gundhi bug, 	 Provide irrigation from the available sources 	
		Millet (finger/foxtail millet	 Foliar application of 1% MOP Weeding and interculture operations 	 Provide irrigation from the available sources 	

Condition			Suggested Contingency measures			
Terminal drought (Early withdrawal of monsoon)	Major Farming situation	Normal Crop/cropping system	Crop management	Rabi Crop planning	Remarks on Implementation	
	Moderately steep sloping hills with deep			 Planning for zero tillage cultivation of pea, toria etc. Preparation for cole crops 	Schemes from Line Deptt./RKVY/ATMA	
fine	fine soils	Millet (finger/foxtail	 Harvest at physiological maturity 	 Planning for zero tillage cultivation of pea, toria etc. 		

	millet)		 Preparation for cole crops 	
	WRC/TRC (Paddy)		 Planning for zero tillage cultivation of pea, toria etc. Preparation for cole crops 	Schemes from Line Deptt./RKVY/ATMA
Very steep sloping hills shallow sandy loamy soils	Jhum paddy	 Timely plant protection of 	 Planning for zero tillage cultivation of pea, toria etc. Preparation for cole crops 	
	maize	conservation, mulching with	 Planning for zero tillage cultivation of pea, toria etc. Preparation for cole crops 	

2.1.6 Pre-monsoon Normal

Condition				Suggested Contingency measures	
Mid season drought (Long dry spell consecutive 2 weeks rainless long dry) At flowering / fruiting stage	Major Farming situation	Normal Crop/cropping system	Crop management	Soil nutrient & moisture conservation measures	Remarks on Implementation
	Moderately steep sloping hills with deep fine soils	Maize	Weeding/ intercultural operations etc.	In situ moisture conservation, mulching with locally available bio mass give 1 supplementary irrigation if possible & plant protection measures for stem borer and aphids	Link department of Agriculture, KVKs, and NGOs for supply of seeds and trainings to the farmers.

	Ginger	Earthing up , weed	Plant protection measures for leaf spot
		management	Give life saving irrigation if possible/mulching and
			roughing out unhealthy and disease infected plants.
	WRC	Weeding / interculture operations	Give life saving irrigation if possible
Very steep sloping hills shallow sandy loamy soils	Finger millet	Weeding and interculture operations	
	Maize	Weeding/ intercultural operations etc.	In situ moisture conservation, mulching with locally available bio mass give 1 supplementary irrigation if possible & plant protection measures for stem borer and aphids
	pulses	Weeding/ intercultural operations etc.	If possible give life saving irrigation

Drought - Irrigated situation-- not applicable

Condition			Sug	gested Contingency measur	es
	Major Farming	Normal Crop/cropping	Change in crop/cropping	Agronomic measures	Remarks on
	situation	system	system	_	Implementation
Delayed release	NA				
of water in					
canals due to					
low rainfall					
Condition			Sug	gested Contingency measur	es
	Major Farming	Normal Crop/cropping	Change in crop/cropping	Agronomic measures	Remarks on
	situation	system	system	C	Implementation
Limited release	NA				
of water in					
canals due to					
low rainfall					

Condition		Suggested Contingency measures			
	Major Farming	Normal Crop/cropping	Change in crop/cropping	Agronomic measures	Remarks on
	situation	system	system		Implementation
Insufficient	NA				
flow of water in					
streams					

2.2 Unusual rains (untimely, unseasonal etc) (for both rainfed and irrigated situations) ⁻NA

2.3 **Floods: Not Applicable**

2.4 Extreme events- Hailstorm

Extreme event type	Suggested contingency measure ^r					
	Seedling / nursery stage	ling / nursery stage Vegetative stage		At harvest		
Hailstorm						
Tomato	NA	NA	NA	Harvest and value addition		
Pineapple	NA	NA	NA	Harvest and value addition		
Cucurbits	NA		NA	Feeds for pigs and cattles		

* Other extreme events are not applicable in this districtfe

Contingent strategies for Livestock, Poultry & Fisheries Livestock 2.5

2.5.1

	Suggested contingency measures				
	Before the event	During the event	After the event		
Drought/					
Lean period (Oct-March)					
Feed and fodder availability		Utilizing fodder from perennial trees and	Use of non conventional		
	Encourage perennial fodder on bunds and	Fodder bank reserves	fodders.		
	waste land on community basis	Transporting excess fodder from adjoining	Use of feed mixtures and feed		
	Establishing fodder banks, encouraging hedge	districts	blocks Availing Insurance		
	row species for fodder crops	Use of non conventional fodders.	_		
	Preparation of Hay	Use of feed mixtures and feed blocks Culling			
		unproductive livestock			
Drinking water	Roof top water harvesting, Preserving water in	Judicious use of water, Using preserved water in	Maintenance/cleaning of		

	the tank for drinking purpose	the tanks for drinking purpose, recycling of household used water.	community reservoirs/ village ponds
Health and disease management	Insurance, Veterinary preparedness with medicines and vaccines, organizing vaccination camps and mineral supplementation	Conducting mass animal Health Camps and treating the affected one, mineral supplementation.	Culling sick animals and mineral supplementation
Floods	Not applicable		
Feed and fodder availability			
Drinking water			
Health and disease management			
Cyclone	Not applicable		
Feed and fodder availability			
Drinking water			
Health and disease management			
Heat wave and cold wave	Not applicable		
Shelter/environment management			
Health and disease management			
s 1 1 C ' 1	111		

^s based on forewarning wherever available

(i) Shallow water depth due to insufficient rains/inflow	Increase the depth and width of trenches by 50-80 cm for cultivable fish species in rice cum fish farming system.	Reduce the stocking density of cultivable fish spp. in rice cum fish farming system.	Early harvest of the cultured fish stock and the field is prepared for next crop.
(ii) Changes in water quality			
(iii) Any other			
B. Aquaculture			
(i) Shallow water in ponds due to insufficient rains/inflow	De-silting, repair of bunds of existing ponds, rain water harvesting, liming and adopt low stocking density of cultivable fish, deepening of ponds by 1.5 -2metres, restrict use of Manures and fertilizers, Channelsing water to pond if possible, Maintain proper	Integrated farming, air breathing fish culture to be practiced, avoid fertilization and manuring on supplementary basis, feeding should be minimum to avoid organic loading, short term aquaculture with medium and	Pond preparation for the next crop after early harvest, Maintain proper water quality parameters.

	water quality	minor carps, Maintain proper water	
		quality	
(ii) Impact of salt load build up in	Rain water harvesting,	Rain water harvesting,	Control feeding to avoid waste accumulation and
ponds / change in water quality	deepening, desilting of existing water	deepening, desilting of existing	eutrofication
	bodies and removal of debris	water bodies and removal of debris	
(iii) Any other			
2) Floods	Not Applicable		
3. Cyclone / Tsunami	Not Applicable		
4. Heat wave and cold wave	Not Applicable		

^a based on forewarning wherever available

2.5.2 Poultry

	Su	Suggested contingency measures		
	Before the event ^a	During the event	After the event	
Drought	-	-	-	-
Shortage of feed ingredients	Procurement and storage of feed ingredients, Establishing feed reserve Bank	Utilizing from feed reserve banks, nutritional supplementation to poultry	Nutritional supplementation to poultry	
Drinking water	Arrangement for drinking water, Roof top water harvesting, Preserving water in the tank for drinking purpose	Judicious use of water, providing B- complex and Vit.C in water		
Health and disease management	Insurance and Emergency Veterinary preparedness with medicines and vaccination to birds	Sanitation and Hygiene	Culling affected birds, Mass vaccination	
Floods	Not applicable			
Cyclone	Not applicable			
Heat wave and cold wave	Not applicable			

^a based on forewarning wherever available

Horticulture crop	Major problem	Reason related to weather aberration
Orange	Fruit dropping	due to moisture stress (Pre harvest- Oct)
	Growth of lichen	due to continuous rainfall/excessive moisture
	Fruit setting	Due to moisture stress
	White fly	Moist condition
Apple	Fruit drop	Moisture stress
Kiwi	Small fruit size	Due to moisture stress
Large cardamom	Furki&chirki Aphid (pentalonia nigro lerbosa) vector	Excessive moisture
Ginger	Soft rot disease	Excessive moisture

2.5.3 Fisheries/ Aquaculture

	Suggested contingency measures	buggested contingency measures				
	Before the event	During the event	After the event			
1) Drought						
A. Capture						
Marine	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable			
Inland						