State: Jharkhand

Agriculture Contingency Plan for District: Ranchi

1.0 Di	istrict Agriculture profile				
1.1	Agro-Climatic/Ecological Zone				
	Agro Ecological Sub Region (ICAR)	Moderately To	Gently Sloping Chattisg	ern Ghats, Hot Sub humid Eco-Region (12.3), arh Mahanadi Basin, Hot Moist/Dry Sub humid Clayey Red And Yellow Soils (11.0)	
	Agro-Climatic Zone (Planning Commission)	Eastern Plateau	And Hills Region (VII)		
	Agro Climatic Zone (NARP)	Central And North Eastern Plateau Zone (BI-4) Bokaro, Chatra, Deogarh, Dhanbagh, Giridh, Godda, Hazaribagh, Jamtara, Khunthi			
	List all the districts falling under the NARP Zone* (*>50% area falling in the zone)				
	Geographic coordinates of district headquarters	Latitude	Longitude	Altitude	
	neudquarte15	23.35°N	85.33°E	651 m	
	Name and address of the concerned ZRS/ZARS/RARS/RRS/RRTTS	Birsa Agricultur	ral University, Ranchi	L	
	Mention the KVK located in the district with address	Krishi Vigyan Kendra,PO. Morabadi,Distt. Ranchi-834008			
	Name and address of the nearest Agromet Field Unit (AMFU, IMD) for agro- advisories in the Zone	Birsa Agricultur	ral University, Ranchi		

1.2	Rainfall	Normal RF(mm)	Normal Rainy days (number)	Normal Onset (specify week and month)	Normal Cessation (specify week and month)
	SW monsoon (June-Sep)	1090		2 nd week of June	1 st week of October
	NE Monsoon(Oct-Dec)	103		2 nd week of October	3 rd week of December
	Winter (Jan- Feb)	38		-	-
	Summer (Mar-May)	99		-	-
	Annual	1323		-	-

1.3	Land use	Geographical	Cultivable	Forest	Land under	Permanent	Cultivable	Land	Barren and	Current	Other
	pattern of the	area	area	area	non-	pastures	wasteland	under	uncultivable	fallows	fallows
	district (latest				agricultural			Misc.	land		
	statistics)				use			tree			
								crops			
								and			
								groves			
	Area ('000 ha)	758.2	255	159.1	74.5	2.0	26.3	10.7	39.5	124.0	66.2

1.4	Major Soils	Area ('000 ha)	Percent (%) of total
	Red lateritic soils		
	Loam soil soils		
	Fine Loam soils		
	Fine mixed Loam soils		

1.5	Agricultural land use	Area ('000 ha)	Cropping intensity %
	Net sown area	255	107%
	Area sown more than once	17	
	Gross cropped area	272	

1.6	Irrigation	Area ('000 ha)

Net irrigated area	32.1		
Gross irrigated area			
Rainfed area			
Sources of Irrigation	Number	Area ('000 ha)	Percentage of total irrigated area
Canals		9.9	
Tanks		2.4	
Open wells		16.0	
Bore wells			
Lift irrigation schemes			
Micro-irrigation			
Other sources (Check Dam)		3.8	
Total Irrigated Area			
Pump sets			
No. of Tractors			
Groundwater availability and use* (Data source: State/Central Ground water	No. of blocks/ Tehsils	(%) area	Quality of water (specify the problem such as high levels of
Department /Board)			arsenic, fluoride, saline etc)
Over exploited			
Critical			
Semi- critical			
Safe			
Wastewater availability and use			
Ground water quality		•	•
over-exploited: groundwater utilization > 100%; cri	itical: 90-100%; sen	ni-critical: 70-90%; safe: <70%	

1.7 Area under major field crops & horticulture

1.7	Major field crops		Area ('000 ha)							
	cultivated		Kharif			Rabi				
		Irrigated	Rainfed	Total	Irrigated	Rainfed	Total	Summer	Grand total	
	Rice			159.2					159.2	
	Maize			9.1			0.6		9.7	
	Pigeonpea			8.0					8.0	
	Blackgram			6.8					6.8	
	Greengram			0.9					0.9	
	Wheat						2.8		2.8	
	Pea						2.0		2.0	
	Chick pea						1.1		1.1	
	Lentil						0.4		0.4	
	Horticulture crops - Fruits				Area (acre)					
			Total		Irrigated			Rainfed		
	Mango		2351.4							
	Jack fruit		177.8							
	Guava		129.9							
	Banana		0.4							
	Litchi		36.1							
	others		204,41							
	Horticulture crops - Vegeta	bles	Total		Irrigated			Rair	ıfed	
	Potato		5892							
	Onion		2137							
	Peas		2017.6							
	Ginger		2733							
	Tomato		1894							
	Cauliflower		2762							
	Cabbage		1952							
	Okra		3603							
	Others		9500							
	Spices		Total	l		Irrigated		Rainfed		

Coriander	43.2	
Ginger	83.8	
Garlic	317.8	
Chilli	101.7	
Medicinal and Aromatic crops		
Plantation crops		
Fodder crops		
Total fodder crop area		
Grazing land		
Sericulture etc		

1.8	Livestock		Male ('000)		Female ('000)	Total ((000)	
	Non descriptive Cattle (local lo	ow yielding)				671.17		
	Improved cattle							
	Crossbred cattle							
	Non descriptive Buffaloes (loca	al low yielding)						
	Descript Buffaloes					155.0		
	Goat					642.7		
	Sheep Others (Camel, Pig, Yak etc.)					81.4		
						127.0		
	Commercial dairy farms (Num	ommercial dairy farms (Number)						
1.9	Poultry		No. of farms		Total No. of birds ('000)			
	Commercial							
	Backyard			2105				
1.10	Fisheries (Data source: Chief I	Planning Officer)		•				
	A. Capture							
	i) Marine (Data Source: Fisheries Department)	No. of fishermen	Bo	ats		Nets	Storage facilities	
			Mechanized	Non- mechanized	Mechanized (Trawl nets, Gill nets)	Non-mechanized (Shore Seines, Stake & trap nets)	(Ice plants etc.)	

ii) Inland (Data Source: Fisheries Department)	No. Farmer own	ned ponds	No. of R	eservoirs	No. o	f village tanks
B. Culture						
			Water Spre	ad Area (ha)	Yield (t/ha)	Production ('000 tons)
i) Brackish water (Data Source	i) Brackish water (Data Source: MPEDA/ Fisheries Department)					
ii) Fresh water (Data Source: F	Fisheries Department)					

1.11 Production and Productivity of major crops

1.11	Name of]	Kharif	F	Rabi	Summer		Total		Crop
	crop	Production ('000 t)	Productivity (kg/ha)	residue as fodder ('000 tons)						
Majo	or Field crops	(Crops identi	fied based on total	acreage)				1		tonsy
	Rice	216.7	1361					216.7	1361	
	Maize	11.7	1300	1.0	1422			12.7	1361	
	Pigeonpea	6.4	800					6.4	800	
	Blackgram	5.5	800					5.5	800	
	Greengram	0.6	600					0.6	600	
	Wheat			4.1	1485			4.1	1485	

Chick pea			1.0	1018	1.0	1018	
Pea			2.3	1157	2.3	1157	
Lentil			0.1	447	0.1	447	
ı or Horticultur:	l al crops (Cr	ops identified ba	ased on total acr	reage)			
Cauliflower	44192	16.0			44192	16.0	
Potato	52894	8.9			52894	8.9	
Cabbage	31232	16.0			31232	16.0	
Tomato	36340	20.0			36340	20.0	
Brinjal	54660	20.0			54660	20.0	
Chilli	23196	12.0			23196	12.0	
Ladies finger	50442	14.0			50442	14.0	
Bitter gourd	1122	6.0			1122	6.0	
Ridge gourd	606	6.0			606	6.0	
Sponge gourd	8172	12.0			8172	12.0	

1.12	Sowing window for 5 major field crops (start and end of normal sowing period)	Rice	Pigeonpea	Maize	Wheat
	Kharif- Rainfed	4 th week of June to 4 th week of July	3 rd week of June to 2 nd week of July	3 rd week of June to 4 th week of July	

Kharif-Irrigated	2 nd week of June to 3 rd week of June		
Rabi-Rainfed			3 rd week of October to 4 th week of October
Rabi-Irrigated			3 rd week of November to 4 th week of December

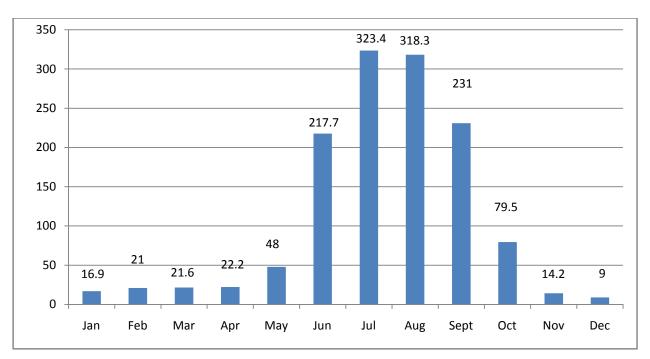
1.13	What is the major contingency the district is prone to? (Tick mark)	Regular	Occasional	None
	Drought	√		
	Flood			√
	Cyclone			✓
	Hail storm			√
	Heat wave		✓	
	Cold wave		✓	
	Frost		✓	
	Sea water intrusion			✓
	Pests and disease outbreak		✓	

1.14	Include Digital maps of	Location map of district within State as Annexure I	Enclosed: Yes
	the district for		
		Mean annual rainfall as Annexure II	Enclosed: Yes
		Soil map as Annexure III	Enclosed: Yes

Annexure I



Annexure II



Annexure III



Legend Information:-

- 15- Shallow excessively drained gravelly loamy soils
- 17- Shallow well drained loamy soils
- 19-Shallow, excessively drained, gravelly loamy soils
- 24- Deep imperfectly drained fine soils
- 33-Very Deep moderately well drained fine loamy soils
- 34- Very deep, well drained, fine loamy soils with severe erosion
- 36- Very deep moderately well drained fine soils
- 37- Shallow well drained, loamy soils
- 38-Very deep well drained, fine loamy soils
- 39-Deep moderately well drained fone soils.
- 40- Deep, moderately well drained, fine loamy soils
- 41- Very deep, well drained, coarse loam soils
- 42- Deep moderately drained, fine soils
- 44- Very deep poorly drained fine soils
- 45- Very Deep poorly drained fine soils
- 50- Shallow, well drained, loamy soils
- 54- Shallow moderately well drained loamy soils
- 64- Shallow well drained loamy soils
- 67-Very deep well drained coarse loamy soils
- 71-Very deep poorly drained fine soils
- 78- Very Deep moderately welly drained fine soils

Source: SAMETI, Jharkhand

2.0 Strategies for weather related contingencies

2.1 Drought

2.1.1 Rainfed situation

Condition			Suggeste	d Contingency measures	
Early season drought (delayed onset)	Major Farming situation	Normal Crop / Cropping system	Change in crop / cropping system including variety	Agronomic measures	Remarks on Implementation ^e
Delay by 2 weeks June 4 th week	Sandy lateritic soils UPLAND	Pigeonpea, Groundnut, Upland rice, Maize Pigeonpea+ Groundnut Pigeonpea + Maize Vegetables- Brinjal, Tomato, Sponge gourd	Pigeonpea, Groundnut, Maize, upland rice, Blackgram Pigeonpea + Blackgram Pigeonpea + Upland rice Vegetables- Brinjal, Tomato, Sponge gourd, Cucurbits, Cow pea, Bean	Wider spacing (90x25 cm) for Pigeonpea	

Condition			Suggested Contingency measures		
Early season	Major Farming	Normal Crop/cropping	Change in crop/cropping	Agronomic measures ^d	Remarks on
drought	situation ^a	system ^b	system ^c		Implementation ^e
(delayed onset)					
Delay by 4	Sandy lateritic soils	Pigeonpea, Groundnut,	Pigeonpea + Bhendi		
weeks		Upland rice, Blackgram,	Maize + Beans		
		Greengram			
July 2 nd week		_	Pigeonpea : Birsa A- 1, UPAS-		
		Vegetables-	120, Asha (ICPL- 87119)		
		Brinjal, Tomato, Sponge	ICPH- 2671		
		gourd			
			Vegetables- Brinjal, Tomato,		
			Sponge gourd, Cucurbits, Cow		
			pea, Bean, Bhendi, Chilli		

Condition			Suggested Contingency measures			
Early season drought (delayed onset)	Major Farming situation ^a	Normal Crop/cropping system ^b	Change in crop/cropping system ^c	Agronomic measures ^d	Remarks on Implementation ^e	
Delay by 6 weeks July 4 th week	Sandy lateritic acidic soils	Sweet potato, French bean, Bhendi, Tomato, Brinjal	Sweet potato, Blackgram, Niger, Horsegram, Finger millet			

Condition			Suggested Contingency measures			
Early season drought (delayed	Major Farming situation ^a	Normal Crop/cropping system ^b	Change in crop/cropping system ^c	Agronomic measures ^d	Remarks on Implementation ^e	
onset)						
Delay by 8 weeks August 2 nd week	Sandy lateritic soils	Niger, Horsegram	Niger, Horsegram, Toria			

Condition			Suggested Contingency measures				
Early season drought	Major Farming situation ^a	Normal Crop / Cropping system ^b	Change in crop / cropping system ^c including variety	Agronomic measures ^d	Remarks on Implementation ^e		
(delayed onset)							
Delay by 2 weeks June 4 th week	Sandy loam soils	Rice	Rice	-	-		
	MID LAND						

Condition			Suggested Contingency measures			
Early season	Major Farming	Normal Crop/cropping	Change in crop/cropping	Agronomic	Remarks on	
drought (delayed	situation ^a	system ^b	system ^c	measures ^d	Implementation ^e	
onset)						
Delay by 4 weeks	Sandy loam soils	Rice	Rice	Nursery raising by wet	Promotion of SRI	
July 2 nd week				method	technique through	
				Sowing may be done	RKVY	
				behind the plough with		
				50-60 kg seed/ha		

Condition			Suggested Contingency measures			
Early season drought (delayed onset)	Major Farming situation ^a	Normal Crop/cropping system ^b	Change in crop/cropping system ^c	Agronomic measures ^d	Remarks on Implementation ^e	
Delay by 6 weeks July 4 th week	Sandy soils	Rice	Rice			

Condition			Suggested Contingency measures		
Early season drought (delayed	Major Farming situation ^a	Normal Crop/cropping system ^b	Change in crop/cropping system ^c	Agronomic measures ^d	Remarks on Implementation ^e
Delay by 8 weeks August 2 nd week	Sandy loam soils	Transplanting of Rice	Transplanting of Rice, Blackgram (PU-19), Early Toria(T-9, PT- 303)	Transplanting with 5-6 seedling/hill	

Condition			Suggested Contingency measures			
Early season drought (delayed onset)	Major Farming situation ^a	Normal Crop / Cropping system ^b	Change in crop / cropping system ^c including variety	Agronomic measures ^d	Remarks on Implementation ^e	
Delay by 2 weeks June 4 th week	Sandy clay loam soils LOW LAND	Rice	Rice			

Condition			Suggested Contingency measures			
Early season drought (delayed	Major Farming situation ^a	Normal Crop/cropping system ^b	Change in crop/cropping system ^c	Agronomic measures ^d	Remarks on Implementation ^e	
onset)						
Delay by 4 weeks July 2 nd week	Sandy clay loam soils	Rice	Rice			

Condition			Suggested Contingency measures		
Early season drought (delayed	Major Farming situation ^a	Normal Crop/cropping system ^b	Change in crop/cropping system ^c	Agronomic measures ^d	Remarks on Implementation ^e
onset)					
Delay by 6 weeks July 4 th week	Sandy clay loam soils	Transplanting of Rice	Transplanting of lowland Rice varieties		

Condition			Suggested Contingency measures			
Early season drought (delayed onset)	Major Farming situation ^a	Normal Crop/cropping system ^b	Change in crop/cropping system ^c	Agronomic measures ^d	Remarks on Implementation ^e	
Delay by 8 weeks 2 nd week of August	Sandy clay loam soils	Rice	Transplanting of short duration Rice varieties	Reduce fertility dose by 20 % (80:40:20 Kg) NPK/ha. Increase number of seedling (5-6/hill) Transplanting at closer spacing of 15x10 cm		

Condition			Suggest	ted Contingency measur	es
Early season drought (Normal onset)	Major Farming situation ^a	Normal Crop/cropping system ^b	Crop management ^c	Soil nutrient & moisture conservation measures ^d	Remarks on Implementation ^e
Normal onset followed by 15-20 days dry spell after sowing leading to poor germination/ crop stand etc.	Sandy red lateritic soils UP LAND	Upland rice, Maize, Vegetables, Cow pea, Groundnut+ Pigeonpea, Maize + Pigeonpea, Bhendi + Maize	Inter cultuivation Gap filling and Thinning Re sowing		

Condition			Suggeste	d Contingency measures	1
Mid season drought (long dry spell, consecutive 2 weeks rainless (>2.5 mm) period)	Major Farming situation ^a	Normal Crop/cropping system ^b	Crop management ^c	Soil nutrient & moisture conservation measures ^d	Remarks on Implementation ^e
At vegetative stage	Sandy red lateritic soils	Upland rice, Maize, Vegetables, Cow pea, Groundnut+ Pigeonpea, Maize + Pigeonpea, Bhendi + Maize	Inter cultuivation Gap filling and Thinning Re sowing		Rain water harvesting structure should made through watershed programme MNREGA

Condition			Suggested Contingency measures			
Mid season	Major Farming	Normal Crop/cropping	Crop management ^c	Soil nutrient &	Remarks on	
drought (long	situation ^a	system ^b		moisture	Implementation ^e	
dry spell)				conservation		
				measues ^d		
At flowering/	Sandy soils	Upland rice,	Intercultivation		Rain water harvesting	
fruiting stage		Maize,	Weeding		structure should made	
		Vegetables,	Thining		through MNREGA	
		Cow pea,				
		Groundnut+ Pigeonpea,				
		Maize + Pigeonpea,				
		Bhendi + Maize				

Condition			Suggested Contingency measures		
Terminal drought (Early withdrawal	Major Farming situation ^a	Normal Crop/cropping system ^b	Crop management ^c	Rabi Crop planning ^d	Remarks on Implementation ^e
of monsoon)					

Sai	andy loam soils	Upland rice,	1. Life saving irrigation of	Toria	1. Farm ponds through
		Maize,	vegetables	Potato,	watershed management
		Vegetables,	2. Upland rice harvested for	Niger,	programme
		Cow pea,	straw purpose	Horsegram	
		Groundnut+ Pigeonpea,	3. Harvesting Groundnut at		
		Maize + Pigeonpea,	physiological maturity stage		
		Bhendi + Maize			

Condition			Suggested Contingency measures		
Early season drought (Normal onset)	Major Farming situation ^a	Normal Crop/cropping system ^b	Crop management ^c	Soil nutrient & moisture conservation measues ^d	Remarks on Implementation ^e
Normal onset followed by 15-20 days dry spell after sowing leading to poor germination/crop stand etc.	Sandy loam solis MID LAND	Rice	1- life saving irrigation 2- Direct sowing of rice	Weeding, Split application of Nitrogen	

Condition			Suggested Contingency measures			
Mid season drought (long dry spell, consecutive 2 weeks rainless (>2.5 mm) period)	Major Farming situation ^a	Normal Crop/cropping system ^b	Crop management ^c	Soil nutrient & moisture conservation measures ^d	Remarks on Implementation ^e	
At vegetative stage	Sandy loam soils	Rice	Life saving irrigation through well, ponds, check dams	Weeding, Foliar spray of Urea		

Condition			Suggested Contingency measures			
Mid season drought (long dry spell)	Major Farming situation ^a	Normal Crop/cropping system ^b	Crop management ^c	Soil nutrient & moisture conservation	Remarks on Implementation ^e	

				measues ^d	
At flowering/ fruiting stage	Sandy loam soils	Rice	Life saving irrigation with harvested water	Weeding	

Condition			Sugg	ested Contingency measures	
Terminal drought (Early withdrawal of monsoon)	Major Farming situation ^a	Normal Crop/cropping system ^b	Crop management ^c	Rabi Crop planning ^d	Remarks on Implementation ^e
		Rice	Rice	Toria, Chick pea (P- 256, PL- 406) Lentil, Mustard (Shicani, Pusa Agrani), Linseed (Shubhra, T- 397)	

Condition			Suggest	ed Contingency measur	es
Early season drought (Normal onset)	Major Farming situation ^a	Normal Crop/cropping system ^b	Crop management ^c	Soil nutrient & moisture conservation measures ^d	Remarks on Implementation ^e
Normal onset followed by 15-20 days dry spell after sowing leading to poor germination/crop stand etc.	LOW LAND Sandy clay loam soils	Rice			Ponds, check dam through water shed management & MNREGA scheme

Condition			Suggested Contingency measures		
Mid season	Major Farming	Normal Crop/cropping	Crop management ^c	Soil nutrient &	Remarks on
drought (long dry	situation ^a	system ^b		moisture	Implementation ^e
spell, consecutive				conservation	
2 weeks rainless				measures ^d	
(>2.5 mm) period)					

E 1 CII	
Foliar spray of Urea	through water shed
	management & MNREGA scheme
	Tonar spray of crow

Condition			Suggested Contingency measures			
Mid season drought (long dry spell)	Major Farming situation ^a	Normal Crop/cropping system ^b	Crop management ^c	Soil nutrient & moisture conservation measues ^d	Remarks on Implementation ^e	
At flowering/ fruiting stage	Sandy clay loam soils	Rice	Life saving irrigation	Weeding, Foliar spray of Urea		

Condition			Suggester	d Contingency measures	
Terminal drought (Early withdrawal of monsoon)	Major Farming situation ^a	Normal Crop/cropping system ^b	Crop management ^c	Rabi Crop planning ^d	Remarks on Implementation ^e
	Sandy clay loam soils	Rice	Life saving irrigation, Crop harvested at physiological maturity	Early sowing of wheat, Mustard, Chick pea, Intercropping of Wheat+ Mustard	

2.1.2 Drought - Irrigated situation

Condition			Suggested Contingency measures			
	Major Farming	Normal Crop/cropping	Change in crop/cropping	Agronomic	Remarks on	
	situation	system ^g	system"	measures'	Implementation ^J	
Limited release of						
water in canals						
due to low						
rainfall						
Non release of						
water in canals						
under delayed						

Condition			Suggest	ed Contingency measure	es
	Major Farming situation ^f	Normal Crop/cropping system ^g	Change in crop/cropping system ^h	Agronomic measures ⁱ	Remarks on Implementation ^j
onset of monsoon					
in catchment					
Lack of inflows					
into tanks due to					
insufficient					
/delayed onset of					
monsoon					
Insufficient					
groundwater					
recharge due to					
low rainfall					

2.2 Unusual rains (untimely, unseasonal etc) (for both rainfed and irrigated situations)

Condition		Suggested contingency measure				
Continuous high rainfall in a short span leading to water logging	Vegetative stage	Flowering stage	Crop maturity stage	Post harvest		
Pigeonpea	Ridge making	Provide drainage				
Blackgram	Ridge making	Provide drainage				
Rice	Bund making	Provide drainage	Provide drainage			
Horticulture						
Cucurbits	Staking	Provide drainage	Provide drainage			
Vegetables	Sowing on ridge					

Outbreak of pests and diseases due to unseasonal rains				
Pulses	Leaf hoper/caterpillar Control- Monocrotophos @ 1 ml/lit			
Maize	Stem borer Control- Phorate 10G@ 20 kg/ha	Sheath blight Control- Hexaconazole1.0 lit in 500 lit water/ha		
Rice		Blast diseases Control- Tricyclazole (0.05 %)	False Smut Control- Propiconazole 0.1 % or Copper oxy chloride -50 (2 kg/ha)	
Bhendi		YVM Control- Carbofuran 3G @ 3 gm/m ²		
French bean	Rust disease Control- Mancozeb 2.5 kg/ ha			

2.3 Floods

Condition	Suggested contingency measure ^o			
Transient water logging/ partial inundation ¹	Seedling / nursery stage	Vegetative stage	Reproductive stage	At harvest
Continuous submergence		Not Applicable		
for more than 2 days ²				
Sea water intrusion ³				

2.4 Extreme events: Heat wave / Cold wave/Frost/ Hailstorm /Cyclone

Extreme event type	Suggested contingency measure			
	Seedling / nursery stage	Vegetative stage	Reproductive stage	At harvest

Hailstorm	Not applicable			
Heat Wave				
Wheat	Life saving irrigation	Life saving irrigation	Life saving irrigation (Terminal heat)	
Cold wave				
Wheat	Irrigation Balanced fertilizer application Foliar spray of nutrients	Light irrigation Mulching with crop residue \ weeds Fertilizer application	Irrigation, fertilizer application	
Vegetables	Raising of seedling in Poly house, re sowing if damaged	Light irrigation Mulching with crop residue \ weeds Disease and pest control, care for chilling injury or replanting	Quick harvesting	Grading, quick disposal for marketing
Pigeonpea		Light irrigation Mulching with crop residue \ weeds		
Frost				
Wheat		Light irrigation Mulching with crop residue \ weeds		
Pigeonpea	Exposure of crop to smoke by burning waste material during night time	Exposure of crop to smoke by burning waste material during night time, Light sprinkler irrigation	Exposure of crop to smoke by burning waste material during night time, Light sprinkler irrigation	Exposure of crop to smoke by burning waste material during night time
Tomato & Potato		Earthing up, Irrigation,		Harvest in dry weather
Horticultural crops (fruit	Light frequent irrigation may	be practiced wherever irrigation	n facilities are available, mulch	ing, thatching and creating

crops)	smoke screens and lighting of fire is also practiced where irrigation facilities are not available
Cyclone	Not applicable

2.5 Contingent strategies for Livestock, Poultry & Fisheries

2.5.1 Livestock

	Suggested contingency measures			
	Before the event ^s	During the event	After the event	
Drought				
Feed and fodder availability	Preservation of surplus fodder, encourage fodder cultivation and tree plantation and also encourage supply of molasses to cattle feed plants.	Arrangement of feeds and fodder from adjoining areas, exploitation of non conventional feed resources, use of urea treated straw and feed blocks.	Promotion of fodder seed production, cultivation and storage, establishment of fodder block making machines in fodder surplus areas.	
Drinking water	Repairs of tube wells, clear off the sludge in the canals and local water catchments and clean the water tanks, large ponds and lakes	Harnessing water through the existing reservoirs and exploitation of groundwater.	To strengthen reservoirs by promoting recharging of water and rain water harvesting during rainy season.	
Health and disease management	Mass vaccination and de worming	Provide shades to animals and water as much as possible. Treatment of diseased animals and proper disposal of carcasses.	Treatment of diseased animals and provide vitamin and mineral supplement to regain strength and vigour.	

s based on forewarning wherever available

2.5.2 Poultry

	Suggested contingency measures			Convergence/linkages with ongoing programs, if any
	Before the event ^a During the event After the event			
Drought				
Shortage of feed ingredients	Storage of feed	Provide non conventional feed,		
		supplement anti oxidant and anti		

		stress		
Drinking water	Storage of water in	Add vit-C and other anti stress		
	tanks	ingredients with water		
Health and disease	Regular vaccination	Vaccination and treatment of	Disposal of dead birds	
management		diseased one		

^a based on forewarning wherever available

2.5.3 Fisheries/ Aquaculture

	Suggested contingency measures			
	Before the event ^a	During the event	After the event	
1. Drought				
Aquaculture				
(i) Shallow water in ponds due to insufficient rains/inflow	Plough the pond and apply lime @ 250kg/ha	Reduce the stocking density from 25000 fry (1 inches size) to 10000-15000/ ha	Remove the fishes of bigger size(0.5 kg)	
(ii) Impact of salt load build up in ponds / change in water quality		Apply lime @ 50 kg on every 15-30 days. Aerate the water as per need	Apply lime as per need @ 50 kg/ha	
2. Heat wave and cold wave				
Aquaculture				
(i) Changes in pond environment (water quality)	Reduce application of organic manure and supplementary feeds	Reduce/stop application of feed	Harvest the bigger fishes, reduce/stop application of supplementary feed. Apply lime @ 50 kg/ha and potassium permanganate in perforated plastic ball 5-10g in each ball	
(ii) Health and Disease management	Apply lime	Apply lime/salt as per need	Apply lime/salt as per need.	

^a based on forewarning wherever available