



राष्ट्रीय कृषि मौसम परामर्शी सेवाएं बुलेटिन

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आधारित/based on

विस्तारित अवधि मौसम पूर्वानुमान/Extended Range Weather Forecast (ERFS)

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AICRP on Agro-Meteorology (AICRPAM)

केंद्रीय बारानी कृषि अनुसंधान संस्थान

Central Research Institute for Dryland Agriculture (CRIDA)

भारतीय कृषि अनुसंधान परिषद

Indian Council of Agricultural Research (ICAR)

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India Meteorological Department (IMD)

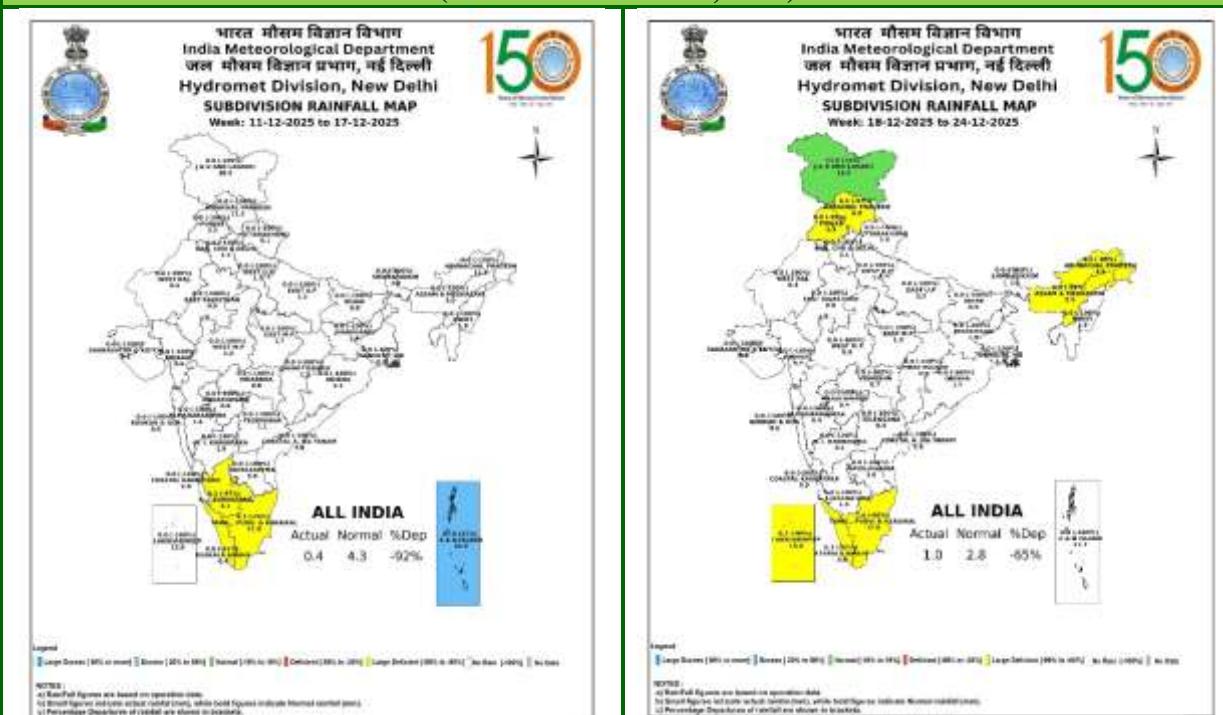
पृथ्वी प्रणाली विज्ञान संगठन

Earth System Science Organization

Realized Rainfall and Extended Range Forecast (वर्षा और तापमान) (Rainfall and Temperature)

Realized Rainfall

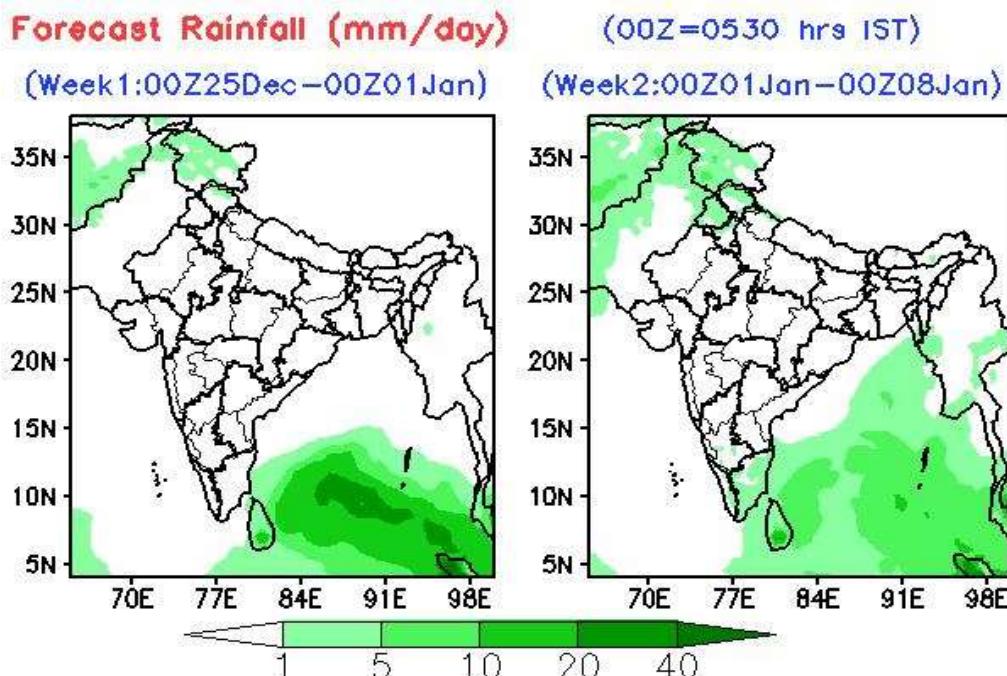
(11th to 24th December, 2025)



- Normal or above normal rainfall occurred in either of the two weeks over Jammu & Kashmir and Andaman & Nicobar Islands.
 - Below Normal rainfall / No rain occurred in both the weeks over rest of the States & UTs.

Extended Range Forecast System

Rainfall forecast maps for the next 2 weeks (IC- 24th December, 2025)
(26th December, 2025 to 08th January, 2026)



- **Week 1 (26.12.2025 to 01.01.2026):** Rainfall is likely over Jammu & Kashmir and Andaman & Nicobar Islands.
- **Week 2 (02.01.2025 to 08.01.2026):** Rainfall is likely over Jammu & Kashmir, Himachal Pradesh, Punjab, Tamil Nadu, Kerala and Andaman & Nicobar Islands.

Maximum and Minimum temperature anomaly (°C) forecast

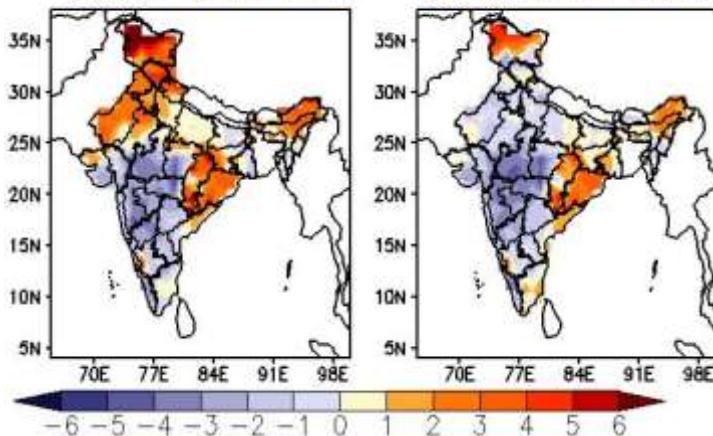
for the next 2 weeks (IC- 24th December, 2025)

(26th December, 2025 to 08th January, 2026)

MME forecast Tmax anomaly (Deg C)

(Week1: 26Dec-01Jan)

(Week2: 02Jan-08Jan)



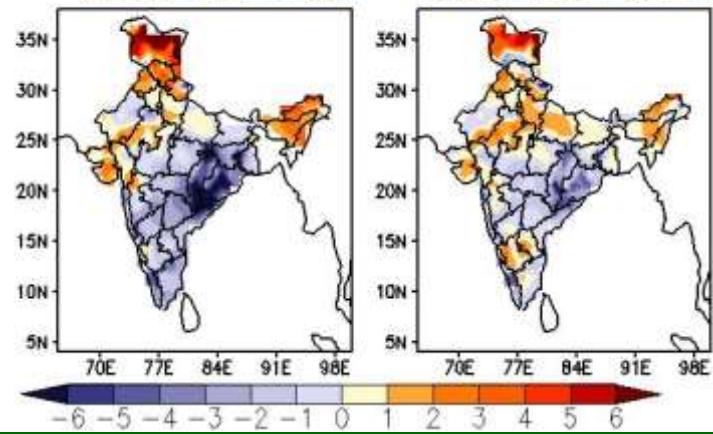
Maximum Temperature (Tmax)

- Week 1 (26.12.2025 to 01.01.2026):** Maximum temperature is likely to be above normal over North West India, North East India, Chhattisgarh, Odisha and North Coastal Andhra Pradesh. However, it is likely to be below normal over many part of Central India, West India and South India.
- Week 2 (02.01.2025 to 08.01.2026):** Maximum temperature is likely to be above normal over Jammu & Kashmir, Chhattisgarh, Odisha, Arunachal Pradesh, Assam, some parts of Gangetic West Bengal, Tamil Nadu and Coastal Andhra Pradesh. However, it is likely to be below normal over many parts of North West India, Central India, West India, Telangana, North Karnataka, Kerala and Andhra Pradesh.

MME forecast Tmin anomaly (Deg C)

(Week1: 26Dec-01Jan)

(Week2: 02Jan-08Jan)



Minimum Temperature (Tmin)

- Week 1 (26.12.2025 to 01.01.2026):** Minimum temperature is likely to be below normal over East India, Central India, Maharashtra and South India and above normal over North West India, North East India, Gujarat and parts of Bihar.
- Week 2 (02.01.2025 to 08.01.2026):** Minimum temperature is likely to be below normal over Odisha, Chhattisgarh, Telangana, Coastal Andhra Pradesh and many parts of Maharashtra. However, it is likely to be above normal over many parts of North West India, North East India, Gujarat, Bihar and Karnataka.

Strategic Agricultural Planning based on Rainfall till 08 January 2026

Agromet Advisories

Kerala

Kerala received 388.7 mm (-21% deficit) of rainfall from 01 October to 28 December 2025. Kerala's extended-range weather forecast (rainfall) for the next two weeks (26 December 2025 -01 January 2026 and 02-08 January 2026) in Kerala indicates no rainfall for week 1 and is expected 5 to 10 mm of cumulative rainfall for week 2.

- In Paddy (*Mundakan*), there is a chance of Blast disease in paddy. As a precaution, spray 20g Pseudomonas per one litre of water, or 4 gm Nativo (Trifloxystrobin + Tebuconazole) can be sprayed with 10 litres of water.
- In a banana, Propping should be followed to reduce the damage due to high wind velocity.
- In addition to irrigating the coconut garden, burying with fresh or dried coconut husk around the palm and mulching with green or dried leaves and coconut palm leaves will help in retaining moisture in the soils of the coconut garden.
- Do not allow healthy vines to trail on the ground. Irrigating pepper plants from Nov/ Dec to the end of March and withholding irrigation thereafter till monsoon break increases pepper yield by 50 per cent.
- Hastening of fruit ripening in coffee could be achieved by spraying ethephon (Ethrel-40 to 54 ml per 200 litres of water per 267 plants) on mature berries when 10 % natural ripening is observed. By this, ripening can be hastened by 2-4 weeks and in two rounds, about 96% ripe fruits could be harvested.
- It is a suitable time for the cultivation of the Amaranthus crop. Seed treatment should be done with Pseudomonas or Trichoderma before sowing in order to protect the germinating seeds and seedlings from soil and seed-borne pathogens. Incorporation of Trichoderma-enriched dung into the soil may help in disease prevention to a limit. Alternate sowing of green and red varieties of Amaranthus will be effective in preventing and controlling the disease incidence. Care should be taken to irrigate to the base of the plant instead of direct foliage irrigation to prevent the disease from spreading.

Tamil Nadu

Tamil Nadu received 428.9 mm (-2% normal) of rainfall from 01 October to 28 December 2025. The extended-range weather forecast (rainfall) for the next two weeks (26 December 2025 -01 January 2026 and 02-08 January 2026) in Tamil Nadu has no rainfall for week 1 and is expected 5 to 10 mm of cumulative rainfall for week 2.

- In paddy, maintain the appropriate water level and apply fertiliser.
- In rainfed cotton, crop residue mulching may be done to reduce soil erosion.
- In rainfed maize, local wind may affect the crop stand. Hence, farmers are requested to practice earth up to provide additional anchorage.
- In bananas, earthing up should be practised to avoid lodging.
- In chilli, warm temperature in combination with high humidity is favourable for Phytophthora leaf blight. If symptoms persist, apply Metalaxyl-Copper Oxychloride fungicides.
- In cattle, as the night temperature is very low, keep the cattle safely in the sheds. Tie the jute bags around the shed. Allow the cattle to graze 2 hours after sunrise.

Karnataka

Coastal Karnataka received 307.0 mm (17% normal) rainfall, North Interior Karnataka received rainfall of 89.5 mm (-32% deficit), and South Interior Karnataka received rainfall of 188.7 mm (-5% normal) from 01 October to 28 December 2025. The extended range weather forecast (rainfall) provided for the next two

weeks (21-27 November 2025 and 28 November- 04 December 2025) is no rainfall over Coastal Karnataka and North Interior Karnataka, South Interior Karnataka for week 1 and week 2.

South Interior Karnataka

- Right time for harvesting, drying, cleaning and storage of rabi crops.
- Apply neem leaves/neem powder in grain bags as a natural repellent.
- For long-term storage of pulses, store with tri-sodium phosphate (TSP) treated gunny sacks to reduce bruchid attack.
- Harvest finger millet when ear heads turn brown and grains become hard, preferably during clear and dry weather to avoid shattering losses.
- Cowpea: To control aphids, spray Dimethoate 30 EC @ 1.75 ml/litre of water.
- Provide dry and clean shelter; avoid animals standing in wet areas. Provide ample clean drinking water.
- Cool early mornings need brooder temperature maintenance for chicks. Maintain poultry shed dryness; use lime powder to reduce moisture. Provide electrolytes + vitamins in water for immunity.

North Interior Karnataka

- Since there is no chance of rainfall, plant protection measures may be taken up.
- Care should be taken to maintain 60% moisture in vermicompost pits.
- Conserve the moisture by adapting Mulching practices in horticultural crops.
- Take up harvesting of crops like Cotton, chilli and onion, etc.
- Since there is no chance of rainfall, take up intercultural operations @ 20-30 days crops to conserve soil moisture
- To manage sucking pests in safflower, take up spraying of 0.2-gram Thiamethoxam 25 WG or 1-gram Acephate 75 SP dissolved in one litre of water.
- To manage leaf minor in groundnut, spraying Quinalphos 25 EC @ 2 ml or Dimethoate 30 EC @ 2 ml/lit.
- In maize, in case of severe infestation of fall army worm (> 20% damaged plants): Spray Spinetoram 11.7 % SC @ 0.5 ml/l or Chlorantraniliprole 18.5% @ 0.3 ml/lit of water or Thiamethoxam 12.6 % + Lambda cyhalothrin 9.5% ZC @ 0.25 ml/l of water.
- To manage onion bulb rot, take up spraying of carbendazim @ 1 gm/lit of water.

Andhra Pradesh

Coastal Andhra received 374.0 mm (17% normal) and 314.7 mm (36% excess) of rainfall in the Rayalaseema region from 01 October to 28 December 2025, the extended-range weather forecast (rainfall) provided for the next two weeks (26 December 2025 -01 January 2026 and 02-08 January 2026) shows no rainfall over Coastal Andhra Pradesh and Rayalaseema for week 1 and week 2.

- Farmers are advised to create stress during the vegetative stage and provide irrigation at 20-25 days after sowing for synchronous flowering, and also suggested to apply 10 kg urea and gypsum @200 kg per acre at 30-35 days after sowing or maximum flowering stage, followed by take up hand weeding.
- In mango, to encourage uniform flowering, farmers are advised to spray potassium nitrate @10 g and boron @ 2 g per litre of water for two times at 10 to 15-day intervals.
- Present weather conditions are favourable for fruit rot and fruit spot incidence in pomegranate. Farmers are advised to spray propiconazol@1 ml or difenoconazole @1 ml or tebuconazole (50%) and trifloxystrobin neem (Nativo)@1 g per litre of water is recommended.

- The present weather conditions are favourable for the incidence of helicoverpa and spodoptera. For the control of helicoverpa, farmers are advised to spray Spinosad @ 0.35 ml/L or Rynaxypyr @ 0.2 ml/L or Indoxacarb @ 1 ml/L of water and control of Spodoptera, spray Emamectin benzoate @ 0.4 g/L or Rynaxypyr @ 0.2 ml/L or Flubendiamide @ 0.25 ml/L of water. Spraying operations should be taken up based on local weather conditions
- Farmers are advised to apply 25% N + entire P2O5 + K2O (basal), 25% of N at 25-30 DAS (knee high), 25% of N at 45-50 (Pre-tasseling) and 25% of N at 60-65 DAS (Tasseling).
- Present weather conditions are favourable for mite incidence in sweet orange. For control, advised to spray wettable sulphur @ 3 g/L or magister @ 2g per litre of water is recommended.
- Present weather conditions are favourable for sucking pest incidence in mango. For control, full-grown trees, especially centre branches, have to be pruned to facilitate adequate light penetration. Spray neem oil @ 5 ml per litre of water, and based on the intensity of infestation, spray systemic insecticides, i.e., imidacloprid 17.8SL @ 0.3 ml or thiamethoxam @ 0.5 g per litre of water is recommended.

Odisha

Odisha received rainfall of 173.7 mm (24% excess) from 01 October to 28 December 2025. The extended range weather forecast (rainfall) provided for the next two weeks (26 December 2025 -01 January 2026 and 02-08 January 2026) over Odisha is no rainfall for week 1 and week 2.

- Continue sowing operation of summer paddy. Use polythene to cover the paddy nursery at night.
- Apply light irrigation, preferably bore well water, to the paddy nursery area in the evening to maintain the soil temperature favourable for seedling growth.
- During cool winter days, to protect the paddy nursery, apply a thin layer of well-decomposed FYM in the wet bed to keep the bed relatively warm.
- Provide light irrigation to standing vegetables and crops during morning hours to prevent damage from fog, low temperature and moisture stress.
- Cover the recently planted cole crops with paper pockets at night to avoid low temperatures.
- Sunflower crop is at the 25-30-day stage. Go for hoeing and weeding and thinning and apply N-N-fertiliser.
- For better tuber growth in potato, soil temperature below 30 °C should be maintained. Therefore, farmers are advised to irrigate the field.
- Due to low night temperature, there will be a chance of infestation of sucking pests, leaf blight, and powdery mildew in the Rabi crops and vegetables. Monitor the crops and vegetables; if symptoms are noticed, undertake appropriate plant protection measures.
- In winter during cold hours, farmers should keep doors, windows and open spaces in cow sheds covered with polythene or gunny bag curtains to prevent direct contact with cold air.
- For maintaining the heat in the poultry shed during the winter season, install heaters in the shed.

Gujarat

Gujarat received rainfall of 92.7 mm (183% large excess) from 01 October to 28 December 2025. The extended range weather forecast (rainfall) provided for the next two weeks (26 December 2025 -01 January 2026 and 02-08 January 2026) over Gujarat is no rainfall for week 1 and week 2.

- Orobanche shoots should be removed regularly from tobacco fields and should be burned or disposed of properly. Maintain consistent soil moisture using irrigation by ensuring the soil moisture and weather conditions are met to prevent stunted growth and small leaves.

- In sown wheat crop, apply six irrigations at critical growth stages, first irrigation at Crown Root Initiation stage (21-25 DAS) and second irrigation at tillering stage (35-40 DAS). Apply 60 kg nitrogen per hectare at 30-35 days after sowing in the wheat crop.
- To control sucking pests in castor, spray Neem seed kernel powder (5% extract) 500 g or *Beauveria bassiana* or *Verticillium lecanii* fungus powder 40 g in 10 litres of water. If incidence is heavy, spray Dimethoate 30 EC 10 ml or Profenofos 50 EC 10 ml in 10 litres of water.
- Find grubs of stem borer from the gallery and holes on the mango stem and kill them. Pouring of Chlorpyrifos 20 EC @ 25 ml/ 10 litre in the hole and plugging it with mud in clear weather conditions.

Maharashtra

Konkan received rainfall of 243.9 mm (73% large excess), 76.7 mm (-26% deficit) rainfall over Madhya Maharashtra, 81.0 mm (-16% normal) rainfall over Marathwada, and 68.8 mm (-9% normal) rainfall over Vidarbha from 01 October to 28 December 2025. The extended range weather forecast (rainfall) for the next two weeks (26 December 2025 -01 January 2026 and 02-08 January 2026) is no rainfall over Konkan, Madhya Maharashtra, Marathwada and Vidarbha for week 1 and week 2.

Marathwada

- Picking should be done for cotton crops.
- Irrigation management should be done in the chickpea crop as per requirement with the help of a sprinkler irrigation system. Intercultural operations should be done for weed management in the chickpea crop.
- Top dressing of nitrogen @ 65 Kg Urea per hectare should be done in irrigated safflower one month after sowing, and irrigate the crop.
- For proper growth of the rabi sorghum crop, it should be weed-free during the early stage. Hoeing should be done in rabi sorghum. Light irrigation should be done as per requirement.
- If infestation of aphids may be observed in the Safflower crop. For management, take a spray of Dimethoate 30 % @ 13 ml or Acephate 75 % @ 10 grams per 10 litres of water.

Konkan

- In horse gram and cowpea crops, perform weeding around 30-40 days after sowing as needed. Due to this, the crop canopy becomes dense, and it naturally suppresses the growth of weeds.
- In Sweet corn, carry out weeding at 20 and 40 days after sowing to keep the crop free from weeds. Provide irrigation to sweet corn at intervals of 10–12 days. Ensure that water does not remain stagnant in the field for long durations after irrigation.
- If 10 to 12 days have passed after sowing of mustard, the thinning operation should be carried out, followed by one hoeing at 20 days after sowing and hand weeding at 30 days after sowing. Provide light irrigation to the crop after carrying out the thinning operation.
- To increase the yield of Alphonso mango in the lateritic soils of Konkan, follow the recommended fertiliser practices and apply three sprays of the liquid formulation “Amrashakti”. To prepare the “Amrashakti” solution, mix per 100 litres of water.
- For obtaining a higher yield in cashew, it is recommended to spray a 2% solution of the water-soluble fertilizer 19:19:19 (200 grams per 10 litres of water) at flushing, flowering and fruit set stage.

Madhya Maharashtra

- As per requirement and soil condition/type, apply irrigation to the wheat crop 18 to 21 days after sowing at the time of crown root initiation.
- In chickpea, to ensure proper availability of fertilisers to the crop and to increase the yield significantly, sprinkler irrigation should be used.
- When 30 to 35 % of bolls are opened, the first picking of cotton should be carried out and thereafter, at an interval of 15 to 20 days, 2 to 3 pickings can be done.

- Before transplanting, the seedlings should be dipped in a solution of azotobacter (5 grams per litre of water) and planted, and phosphorus-solubilising bacteria should also be used.
- Due to reduced minimum temperature, infestation of aphids will be noticed on the border rows of safflower fields, initially, spray NSKE @ 1000 ml per 200 litres of water (per acre) and a spray of Acephate 75 SP 16 grams per 10 litres of water 15 days after the first spray.

Chhattisgarh

The rainfall received over Chhattisgarh was 108.4 mm (44% excess) from 01 October to 28 December 2025. The extended range weather forecast (rainfall) provided for the next two weeks (26 December 2025 -01 January 2026 and 02-08 January 2026) over Chhattisgarh is no rainfall for week 1 and week 2.

- Escape from wilt disease is possible; chickpea should be sown on a timely basis. Before sowing, the seed should be treated with Trichoderma powder @ 6 to 10 grams/kg.
- In case of aphid infestation in mustard crop, use predatory insect (ladybird beetle) or Chrysopa. In case of heavy aphid infestation, use insecticide Dimethoate (Roger) 30EC @ 1 litre/hectare in 600-800 litres of water or Imidacloprid @ 5 ml. Mixed in 15 litres of water and sprayed. If pest infestation occurs again, spray again at an interval of 15 days.
- In lathyrus, use fertiliser @ 20 kg nitrogen, Phosphorus @ 40-50 kg, Potash 20 kg & Sulphur 20kg per hectare.
- When the safflower crop is at the stage of 35-40 days, control weeds by weeding.
- The amount of fertilizer for irrigated crop is 60 kg nitrogen, Phosphorus 30 kg and Potash 30 Kg per hectare. For an unirrigated crop, the fertiliser dose should be kept at Nitrogen 40 kg. Phosphorus 20 kg, and Potash 20 kg per hectare.

Assam

The rainfall received over Assam was 146.5 mm (-23% normal) from 01 October to 28 December 2025. The extended range weather forecast (rainfall) provided for the next two weeks (26 December 2025 -01 January 2026 and 02-08 January 2026) over Assam is no rainfall for week 1 and week 2.

- Initiate main field preparation activity for transplanting of *boro* rice seedlings. The field should be ploughed 3-4 times, followed by laddering. During final land preparation, apply Urea @ 6kg per bigha as a basal dose.
- Most of the regions of the district are experiencing dry weather conditions since the last couple of weeks, and since there is no possibility of getting rainfall in the coming 5 days, it is advised to provide life-saving irrigation in the rapeseed and mustard crops, which are at the flowering stage.
- Considering the dry weather forecast in the coming 5 days, it is suggested to provide irrigation in the potato crop fields.
- Considering the dry weather forecast in the coming 5 days, provide irrigation in the rabi vegetable crops like Cauliflower, Cabbage, Broccoli, Knol khol, brinjal, radish, beans, leafy vegetables, etc.
- Due to low night temperature coupled with dense fog during the past few days, infestation of aphids may be observed in the rapeseed and mustard crops. Taking advantage of the predicted fair-weather conditions in the coming 5 days, spraying of Thiamethoxam 25WG @ 3 g per 10L of water is advocated against moderate infestation of the pest.

Jharkhand

The rainfall received over Assam was 107.6 mm (21% excess) from 01 October to 28 December 2025. The extended range weather forecast (rainfall) provided for the next two weeks (26 December 2025 -01 January 2026 and 02-08 January 2026) over Assam is no rainfall for week 1 and week 2.

- First irrigation should be given to the late sown wheat crop if it is 21-25 days old as per requirement. After 3-4 days of irrigation, broadcasting of the remaining half dose of nitrogen should be done. Go

for weed management in wheat crop by using metsulfuron @ 8 grams per 150 litres of water per acre.

- Timely sown chickpea is at the germinating stage; farmers are advised to go for the first intercultural operation in 25 to 30-day-old crops. If sufficient moisture is not present, irrigate the field.
- The transplanted cabbage is at the seedling establishment stage to the three-week stage. At the three-week stage, go for hoeing, weeding and apply 55kg urea per acre, followed by irrigation.
- As Onion is a shallow-rooted crop, at the bulb initiation stage (after 60 days), due to forecasted dry weather, farmers are advised to go for irrigation in the moisture-sensitive stage.
- Choose loamy soil for spinach and choose varieties like Pusa Jyoti, Algreen, and Pusa Madhavi for nursery preparation. Take the seed rate at the rate of 10 to 12 kg per acre. Sow in rows by making small beds.
- Complete the earthing up in a 25 to 30-day-old potato crop, and after making the soil friable, add the remaining quantity of nitrogen (65 kg urea per acre).
- The mustard crop sown on time is in its vegetative stage. If there are too many plants in one place, ensure thinning so that the plants keep getting moisture, air and temperature properly.

West Bengal

Gangetic West Bengal received rainfall of 165.5 mm (-5% normal), and Sub-Himalayan West Bengal received 309.9 mm (85% large excess) from 01 October to 14 December. The extended range weather forecast (rainfall) provided for the next two weeks for West Bengal (26 December 2025 -01 January 2026 and 02-08 January 2026) is no rainfall over Gangetic West Bengal and Sub-Himalayan West Bengal during week 1 and week 2.

- Dry weather with no significant rainfall is expected during the coming days. For *Boro* rice (nursery stage), farmers are advised to maintain optimum moisture in the seedbeds through light and frequent irrigation.
- Apply light irrigation to support flowering and pod filling. Regularly monitor for aphid infestation. If the population exceeds ETL, spray recommended insecticides during evening hours only. Avoid spraying during flowering hours to protect pollinators.
- In roses, farmers should prune dry and old branches regularly to keep plants healthy. If leaf spot disease is noticed in chrysanthemum, spray a mixture of Bavistin (1 g) + Dithane M-45 (2 g) per litre of water. Staking is advised in chrysanthemum to support plants and prevent lodging. In chrysanthemum, cut back the shoots to a height of 10–15 cm when plants are 20–30 cm tall or 30–45 days after planting.
- Under foggy and dry weather conditions, suitable for Tomato leaf curl virus/tomato spotted wilt curl virus. Farmers are advised to regularly monitor tomato fields, especially the upper leaves, for symptoms such as leaf curling, yellowing, mosaic patches, and poor plant growth. Remove and destroy heavily infected plants at an early stage to stop the disease from spreading to healthy plants.

Haryana

Rainfall of 32.2 mm (78% large excess) was received over Haryana from 01 October to 28 December 2025. The extended range weather forecast (rainfall) provided for the next two weeks (26 December 2025 -01 January 2026 and 02-08 January 2026) over Haryana is no rainfall for week 1 and week 2.

- Due to possibilities of variable weather, farmers are advised to withhold the irrigate operation in timely sown wheat crop, apply the first irrigation at 22 day/second 45 days after sowing, if irrigation water is available and weather remains clear.
- Possibility of variable and fall in night temperature, farmers are advised to withhold the application of light irrigation in the next three to four days. Farmers are also advised to withhold intercultural

operations in late sown mustard for conserving the moisture and removing weeds in the next here days.

- Prepare for harvesting of early maturing varieties as per the demand of the sugar mill and market. Apply irrigation in late-maturing varieties.
- Farmer is advised to ensure livestock are kept in a warm and secure shelter in night. Provide 50 grams of iodised salt and 50 to 100 grams of mineral mixture daily with animal feed/fodder or berseem to keep them healthy.

Jammu

Rainfall of 68.2 mm (-34% deficit) was received over Jammu from 01 October to 28 December 2025. The extended range weather forecast (rainfall) provided for the next two weeks (26 December 2025 -01 January 2026 and 02-08 January 2026) over Jammu expected 5 to 10 mm of cumulative rainfall for week 1 and week 2.

- Farmers are advised to complete the sowing of the very late sown wheat crop (varieties JKW-261 and PBW-752) after light pre-sowing irrigation to attain a vattar condition of soil. Increase seed rate by 25% i.e. 6.25kg/kanal.
- First top dressing of nitrogen fertiliser is recommended in a 30 to 35-day-old mustard crop after irrigation. Farmers can go harvesting and threshing mature toria crops without any further delay.
- Harvesting and cleaning of Radish/Broccoli / Cauliflower/ Knolkhol crops is recommended. Provide earthing-up operations along with split N doses as it attains a height of 15-22 cm.
- Prune dry and old shoots of the rose. Spray mixture of Bavistin + Dithane M-45 (1gm+2gm) @ 3gm/lt of water, if leaf spot is observed in chrysanthemum. Staking is recommended in chrysanthemum.

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